

Analytical priorities for national food composition databases in Europe: results from COST Action 99 questionnaires

David Buss,^a Paul Finglas,^{a*} Clive West^b & Francisca Serra^c

^aInstitute of Food Research, Norwich Research Park, Colney, Norwich, Norfolk NR4 7UA, UK

^bDepartment of Human Nutrition, Wageningen Agricultural University, PO Box 8129, 6700 EV, Wageningen, Netherlands

^cEuropean Commission, DGXII-B-1: Co-operation in Science and Technology (COST), 200 Rue de la Loi, B-1049 Brussels, Belgium

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INTRODUCTION

The primary objective of COST (Co-operation in Science and Technology) Action 99 is to combine knowledge and expertise of various experts in COST countries in the area of Food Composition and Consumption in order to:

- (a) construct and establish a network of compatible food composition databases with the quality required for interpretation, description and exchange of high quality food composition and consumption data;
- (b) ensure the continuity of collection and improve the quality/harmonization of food consumption data as available from food balance sheets and household budget surveys;
- (c) continue to improve the quality and compatibility of data for inclusion in tables and databases of food composition;
- (d) maintain and improve existing food coding systems in order to exchange data efficiently.

In 1996, a questionnaire on analytical priorities was circulated as widely as possible in Europe via the national representatives of the 25 participating COST countries for the Working Party on Data Quality and User Priorities. The COST countries participating in this project are Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg,

Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Turkey and United Kingdom.

The questionnaire had four main purposes: (i) to determine which foods and nutrients were currently being analysed in each country; (ii) to determine each country's priorities for future work, especially for nutrient database purposes; (iii) to determine which analytical methods were being used so that users of the data could have more confidence in the values, and (iv) to develop a European-wide network of analytical experts for future collaboration and co-operation between laboratories. This paper summarises the responses.

RESULTS

There were 32 replies from 13 countries. The names and addresses of the responders are given in the Appendix at the end of this report. Most of the information received was about the nutrients and main foods being analysed, and the analytical methods being used. A summary is given in Table 1. Where there is no entry, the nutrient is not currently being analysed in that laboratory.

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*To whom correspondence should be addressed.

Table 1. Summary of responses on analytical priorities

Nutrients	Czech Republic (Pekorný)	Finland (Karpainen)	Finland (Piironen)	Germany (Bräckeler)	Germany (Röbe)	Germany (Oehlenschläger)	Germany (Boehm)	Germany (Bauer-Aymanns)
Main reasons	Research and surveys	Labelling	Improved methods; missing data	Research	Labelling, improved methods and research	Food tables and research	Research	Labelling/dietetic foods
Energy	Yes							Calculation
Fats								
Individual Fats	Capillary gc	Capillary gc	Capillary gc	Capillary gc	Capillary gc	Capillary gc	Capillary gc	Gc
Branched	Urea and capillary gc							Infrared
Trans	Capillary gc							Yes
Long polys	Capillary gc							Gc
Sterols	In fats							
Which foods?								
Fat products; other fatty foods								
Protein	AAA (ionex lc)	Ion exchange hplc	AA analyser, + Trp					
AAs		Hplc in fish						
Nucleotides								
Which foods?	All							
Carbohydrate								
Analysed total	Yes							
Individual	Oligos and resistant starch	Enzyme and spectro or hplc	Yes	Englyst				Enzymatic
Which foods?	All							Enzymatic
Fibre								
Total								
Dietary and crude fibre; cereals and legumes								Pectins, lignin
Fractions	Asp	Cereals, vegetables	Yes	Important foods				Cereal products
Minerals	Na, Ca, Fe, Se, I, Mg, K, Cu, Zn, Mo, Mn, Cr, Co	Na, K, Ca, Mg, Fe, Zn, Cu, Mn, Cr, Cl, P; mostly by AAS	Se (electrothermal AAS), Zn, Cu, Mn, I					High fibre foods
Nutrients								Na, K (flame); P (photometry); I (ICP/MS); Ca, Mg, Fe, Zn, Cu (AAS)

Non-nutrients	Cd, Hg, As	Pb, Cd, As, Hg, Ni, Al, Sn	Pb, Cd, Hg			
Fractions Which foods?	Se in infant foods	Organic Se All	Most foods	For Se, to monitor soil fertilisation	Cereal products Cereal products	Seafoods
Vitamins	Hplc + uv/visible Spectrophotometry	Total Total	Yes Hplc			
Retinoids						
Carotenoids						
D	D					
D fractions	D3					
E	Hplc + ec or fluo	Yes	Hplc			
E fractions						
K						
K fractions						
Thiamin	Yes	Hplc	Hplc			
Riboflavin	Yes	Hplc	Hplc			
Niacin/Trp	Yes	Hplc	Hplc			
Cereal niacin?	No					
B6	Yes					
B6 fractions	No					
B12	No					
Folate	Planned					
Folate fractions						
Biotin						
Pantothenate						
Vitamin C	Hplc + ec or F					
Which foods?						
Miscellaneous	All	Mainly fortified foods	Important foods			
Organic acids						
Polyols	Citric Glycerol, sorbitol					
Non-nutrients						
Which foods?						
				Gc, hplc Enzymatic/ gravimetric		

Table 1.—*contd.*

	Germany (Bruehl)	Germany (Rapp)	Germany (Bogmar)	Greece (Chamalidis)	Hungary (Biro)	Hungary (Parrag)	Iceland (Reykdal and others)(Roomans)	Netherlands (Revkdal and others)(Roomans)
Reasons	Research, improved methods and quality control			Food tables; research on effects of cooking and research	Labeling,	Research, improved methods and surveys	Research, missing values, labeling and public health	Research, labeling
Energy				Calculation	Differential calorimetry			Calculation
Individual fats	Glc	Glc	Yes		EEC methods	Glc	Glc	Glc
Branched Trans	Glc	Glc			Yes	Glc	Glc	Glc
Long polys	Glc	Hplc, tlc or gc	Yes	Vegetables, fruit, mixed dishes	Yes	Glc	Fats, oils, meat, fish, milk and products	Meat and fish products
Sterols								
Which foods?	Vegetable oils and fats							
AAs			Yes	Several methods	AA analyser			
Nucleotides				Veg, fruit and dishes	Meat products, cheese	All protein foods		
Analysed CHO		Yes				Anthrone		
Individual Which foods?		Enzymatic	Hplc Wines and grape products	Several methods	Glc, Hplc Veg, fruit and dishes	Hplc Many	Dietetic foods Processed foods, beverages	
Fibre Fractions Which foods?							AOAC	AOAC/Asp
Minerals	Na, K; ion-specific electrodes, P, Ca and Mg			Veg, fruit and dishes	Cereals, fruits	Selected fruit and vegetables	Local vegetables	AOAC/Asp
					AA, flame photometry, ion chromatography and classical methods	Na, K, Cl, Mg, Cl, F, P, Fe, Zn, Mn, Se, I	Yes; AAS, flame and ICP	Yes; FAAS, GFAAS
							Cd, Pb, Hg, As	

Fractions		Veg, fruit and dishes	Many foods	Selected fruit and vegetables		Most foods	Most foods
				Hplc	Glc		
Retinoids	Hplc, uv detection	Hplc Hplc	Hplc Hplc	Yes			
Carotenoids							
D	D ₂ and D ₃ , and Hplc	Hplc	Hplc				
D fractions							
E	Hplc, fluorimetric detection	Hplc	Yes				
E fractions							
K	Planned						
K fractions							
Thiamin	Hplc Hplc	Hplc Hplc	Yes				
Riboflavin							
Niacin/Trp							
Cereal niacin?							
B6	Hplc						
B6 fractions							
B12							
Folate							
Folate fractions							
Biotin	Hplc						
Pantothenate	Veg, fruit and dishes	Oils					
Vitamin C							
Organic acids	Planned	Organic acids in wines					
Polyols							
Non-nutrients	Steradienes, triterpenes, flavours	NO ₂ , NO ₃ , purines, phenolics	Additives, pesticides, mycotoxins	Hplc Trypsin inhibitor and phytic acid		NO ₂ , NO ₃ ,	Hplc
W/which foods?	Oils, for quality control	Veg, fruit and dishes	Dried fruits, etc.	Soya foods		Meat products and veg	

Table 1.—*contd.*

Reasons	Netherlands (Hulshof)	Netherlands (Verhagen)	Norway (Gjerdvik)	Norway (Næringsmiddel-tilsynet)	Norway (Røkke)	Portugal (Amaral)	Portugal (Andrade)	Portugal (Batista)
Research; missing values	Contract research (labelling, toxicology, etc.)	Food tables	Food tables	Labelling, improved methods, research	Many reasons	Surveys, improved methods, labelling	Research, missing values, labelling	Surveys, improved methods, labelling
Energy	Analysis and calculation	Glc	Glc	Calculated	Yes	Glc	Glc	Glc
Individual fats	Yes	Glc	Glc	Capillary Glc	Yes	Glc	Glc	Glc
Branched		Glc/MS	Glc	Capillary Glc	Yes	Glc	Glc	Glc
Trans		Glc/MS	Glc	Capillary Glc	Yes	Glc	Glc	Glc
Long polys			Glc	Hplc	Fats, oils, dairy	Oils, dairy	Fish	Fish
Sterols			Glc	Bread, fruit, vegetables	AA analyser	products	Ion exchange hplc	
Which foods?	Fats; snack foods	All foods	All foods	Dietetic foods	Yes	Dairy products, meat	Hplc	
AAs			Amino acid analyser	Polarimetry	Enzymatic	Anthrone		
Nucleotides			Hplc + electron capture	Enzymatic	Enzymatic	Titrimetric		
Analysed CHO			All foods	All foods	All foods	Bivalves, surimi		
Individual								
Fibre	Yes	Hplc	Bread, fruit, vegetables	AOAC	Total, soluble and insoluble; crude fibre			
Fractions	Yes			Fiberbec	van Soest			
	All foods			Dietetic foods, etc.	Raw materials			
Minerals	Yes. AAS; ICP/MS	I (ICP/MS)	Ca, Fe, K, Mg, P, Cr, Cu, Mn, Zn (ICP or AA); Na (neutron activation); Se, I (gamma-activity)	Na, K, Cl, P, Ca, Mg, P, Na, K, Fe, Fe, Zn, Cu, Mn, Se. Mostly by AAS	Cu, Mn, Zn, Mg	Fe, Cu, Zn		
	Yes. AAS; ICP/MS		Ni	Ni, Co, Al, Sb, Cr, Hg, Ba, Ag, As, Sn, Cd, Pb, Mostly by AAS	As, Sn	Cd, Hg, Pb		

Fractions	Yes All foods	All foods	Mainly processed foods	Fish
Retinoids	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	
Carotenoids	Yes	Hplc	Hplc	
D		Yes	Spectrophotometry	
D fractions		Hplc		
E		Hplc		
E fractions		Hplc		
K		Hplc		
K fractions		Hplc		
Thiamin		Hplc		
Riboflavin		Hplc		
Niacin/Trp		Hplc		
Cereal niacin?		Hplc		
B6		Hplc		
B6 fractions		Hplc		
B12		Affinity binding		
Folate		Microbiological		
Folate fractions		Hplc		
Biotin		Microbiological		
Pantothenate		Microbiological		
Vitamin C		Hplc		
		All foods		
Organic acids		Hplc		
Polyols		Hplc		
Non-nutrients	Yes		Additives and contaminants. Hplc, gic	Natural plant toxicants

Table 1.—*contd.*

Retinoids	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
Carotenoids					Hplc	Hplc (5)
D					Hplc	Hplc
D fractions		D3	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
E	Yes		Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
E fractions	Yes					
K			Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
K fractions			Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
Thiamin			Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
Riboflavin			Hplc	Hplc	Hplc	Hplc
Niacin/Trp						
Cereal niacin?						
B6						
B6 fractions		RBA				
B12						
Folate		Hplc RBA				
Folate fractions		Hplc, RBA				
Biotin						
Pantothenate						
Vitamin C	Hplc, titrimetric					
			Hplc	diClPhIndo Phenol	Hplc + fluorimetry	Hplc
			Fruit juices	Many foods	Various	All
			Milk, cereals, fruit, vegetables			
				Fish, milk, fast food, infant foods		
Organic acids	Yes					
Polyols						
Non-nutrients		Flavanones, volatiles Fruit juices				
			Ergosterol			
			Seeds, berries			

**ABBREVIATIONS AND REFERENCES USED IN
TABLE 1**

AAs	amino acids
AAS	atomic absorption spectrophotometry
AOAC	Association of Official Analytical Chemists
CHO	carbohydrate
ec	electrochemical detection
ELISA	enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay
F	fluorescence
FES	flame emission spectrophotometry
gc	gas chromatography
GC-MS	combined gas chromatographic mass spectrometry
GF-AAS	graphite furnace atomic absorption spectrophotometry
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemists
Hplc	high performance liquid chromatography
ICP/MS	inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry

ir	infrared
Oligos	oligosaccharides
RBA	radio-protein binding assay
Spectro	spectrophotometric
tlc	thin-layer chromatography
trp	tryptophan
UV	ultra-violet detection

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 Englyst, H. N., Quigley, M. E., Hudson, G. J. and Cummings, J. H., *Analyst*, 1992, **117**, 1707.
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Appendix: Table A1. Names and addresses of national laboratories involved in food composition work

Country/name	Address	Tel no./fax no./e-mail
Czech Republic:		
Prof Jan Pokorny	Department of Food Science, Prague Institute of Chemical Technology, Technicka St 5, CZ 16628, Prague 6	+42.2.243.53264 +42.2.311.9990
Finland:		
Prof Vieno Piironen	Department of Applied Chemistry and Microbiology, Food Chemistry Division, PO Box 27, FIN-00014, University of Helsinki, Helsinki	+358.9.708.5222 +358.9.708.5175
Sirpa Karppinen	VTT Biotechnology and Food Research, PO Box 1500, FIN-02044, Helsinki	+358.9.708.456.5214 +358.9.708.455.2103
Germany:		
Dr Antal Bognar	Bundesforschungsanstalt fur Ernährung, Institut für Chemie und Biologie, Garbenstrabe 13, D-70599 Stuttgart	+49.711.455.063 +49.711.456.9355
Dr Jorg Oehlenschlager	Fed. Res. Che. Fisheries, Palmaille 9, D-22767 Hamburg	+49.40.3890.5151 +49.40.3890.5262
Bauer-Aymanns	Chemische Landesuntersuchungsanstalt, Hoffstr. 3, 76133 Karlsruhe	+49.721.926.3621
Jurgen Bruckner	Deutsches Institut fur Ernährungsorschung, A-Scheunert-Allee 114/116, D-14558, Bergholz - Rehbrücke	+49.33200.188420 +49.721.926.3549 +49.33200.188419
Dr L Bruhl	Bundesanstalt für Getreide-Kartoffel-und Fettforschung, Institut für Chemic und Physik der Fette, Piusallee 76, D-48147 Munster	+49.251.4310
Dr Eckhard Robe	Federal Centre for Cereal, Potato and Lipid Research, Institute for Biochemistry of Cereals and Potatoes, Schutzenberg 12 D-32756 Detmold	+49.5231.7410 +49.5231.74110 bagkf@t-online.de
Dr Volker Bohm	Institute of Nutrition and Environment of the Univ. of Jena, Dept. of Human Nutrition, Dornburger Str. 25-29, D-07743 Jena	+49.3641.637091 +49.3641.637089 b5bovo@rz.uni-jena.de
Greece:		
Dr Char. Chamadalis	Division of Food, General Chemical State Laboratory, Ave Tsoha 16, 11521 Athens	+30.1.642.8211 +30.1.646.5123
Hungary:		
Agnes Sallai-Parrag	University of Horticulture and Food Technology, Dept. of Canning Technology, H-1118 Budapest, Menesi ut 45, PO Box H-1502, Budapest	+36.1.166.7435 +36.1.166.7435
Prof G Biro and Dr E Dworschak	National Institute of Food-Hygiene and Nutrition, H-1097 Budapest Gyali ut 3/a	+36.1.215.4130 +36.1.215.1545
Iceland:		
Dr Olafur Reykdal	Agricultural Research Institute, Keldnaholt, IS-112 Reykjavik	+354.577.1010 +354.577.1020 olafurr@rala.is
Netherlands:		
Ir Henri HS Roomans	Food Inspectorate for Health Protection, Florijnruwe 111, 6218 CA Maastricht	+31.43.354.6300 +31.43.343.7385 igb.maastricht@pi.net
Dr Hans Verhagen	Analytical Sciences Division, Food and Non-Food Analysis Dept, TNO Nutrition and Food Research Institute, Utrechtseweg 48 PO Box 360, 3700 AJ Zeist	+31.30.694.4568 +31.30.695.6742 verhagen@voeding.tno.nl
Paul Hulshof	Department of Human Nutrition, PO Box 8129, Wageningen Agricultural University, 6700 EV Wageningen	+31.317.484824 +31.317.483342
Norway:		
Lars Rokke	Norwegian Dairies, PG 25, N-4063 Voll	+47.51.420511 +47.51.420641

Appendix: Table A1.—contd).

Kathrin Gjerdevik	Institute of Nutrition, Directorate of Fisheries, PO Box 185, N-5002 Bergen	+47.55.23.8000 +47.55.23.8095
Local Food Control Authorities of Bergen	Mollendalsveien 2 - 4, 5009 Bergen	+47.55.56.7770 +47.55.56.7518
Portugal:		
Ing Irineu Batista	Instituto Portugues de Investigacao Maritima, Av. de Brasilia, P - 1400 Lisboa	+351.1.301.7361 +351.1.301.5948
Ana Luisa Simplicio	Instituto de Biologia Experimental E Technologia, Laboratorio Analitico, Apartado 12, 2780 Oeiras	-
Isilda Andrade	INETI-DTIA, Estrada do Paco do Lumiar, 1699 Lisboa Codex	+351.1.716.51421 +351.1.716.3786 ipimaruq@mail.esoterica.pt
Dr Eugenia Amaral	Nutrition and Food Hygiene Department, Av, Padre Cruz, 1699 Lisbon Codex	+351.1.751.9200 +351.1.759.0441
Slovak Republic:		
Dr Kristina Holcikova	Food Research Institute, Priemyselna 4, PO Box 25, 820 06 Bratislava	+421.7.543.7145 +421.7.526.1417 holcikov@mbox.bts.sk
Sweden:		
Dr Wulf Becker	Nutrition Food Administration, Box 622, S - 751 26 S-751 26 Uppsala	+46.18.175.500 +46.18.10.5848
Prof Margaretha Jagerstad	Institute of Food Science, Swedish University of Agriculture, PO Box 7051, S-750 07 Uppsala	+46.18.671000 +46.18.672995 margaretha.jagerstad@imv.slu.se
Turkey:		
Dr Filiz Agkurt	Marmara Research Centre, Department of Food and Refrigeration Tech., PO Box 21, 41470 Gebze-Kocgeli	+90.262.641.2300 +90.262.641.2309
Prof Semih Otles	Ege University, Engineering Department, Bornova TR-25100, Izmir	+90.232.374.1401 +90.232.388.2395
United Kingdom:		
Ian Lumley	Laboratory of the Government Chemist (LGC), Queens Road, Teddington, Middlesex TW11 OLY	+44.181.943.7342 +44.181.943.2767
Dr Sue Southon and Paul Finglas	Institute of Food Research, Nutrition, Diet and Health Department, Norwich Research Park, Colney, Norwich, NR4 7UA, Norfolk	+44.1603.255176 +44.1603.507723 sue.southon@bbsrc.ac.uk